

TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

# TC74LCX16244AFT

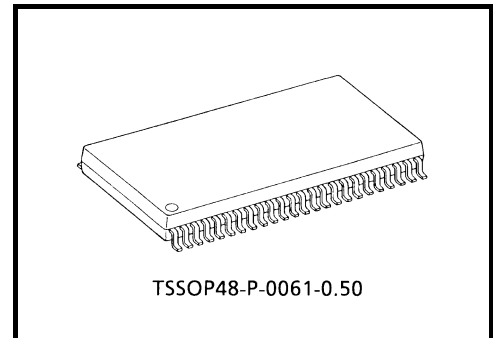
## Low-Voltage 16-Bit Bus Buffer with 5-V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs

The TC74LCX16244AFT is a high-performance CMOS 16-bit bus buffer. Designed for use in 3.3-V systems, it achieves high-speed operation while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

The device is designed for low-voltage (3.3 V) VCC applications, but it could be used to interface to 5 V supply environment for both inputs and outputs.

This device is non-inverting 3-state buffer having four active-low output enables. It can be used as four 4-bit buffers two 8-bit buffers or one 16-bit buffer. When the OE input is high, the outputs are in a high-impedance state. This device is designed to be used with 3-state memory address drivers, etc.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge.

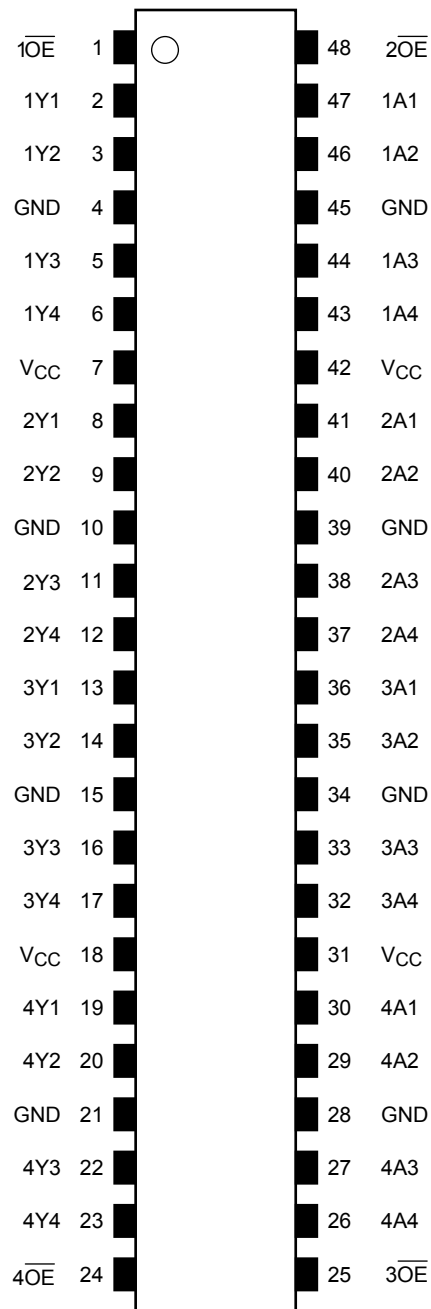


Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)

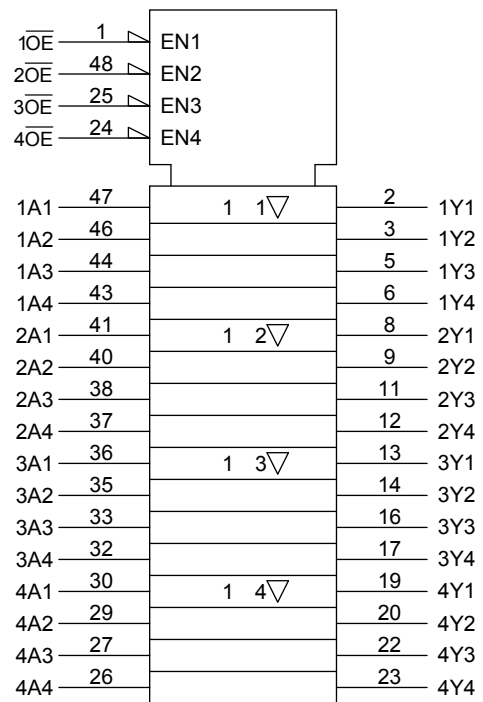
### Features

- Low-voltage operation:  $V_{CC} = 2.0$  to  $3.6$  V
- High-speed operation:  $t_{pd} = 5.2$  ns (max) ( $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V)
- Output current:  $|I_{OH}|/I_{OL} = 24$  mA (min) ( $V_{CC} = 3.0$  V)
- Latch-up performance:  $\pm 500$  mA
- Package: TSSOP (thin shrink small outline package)
- Power-down protection provided on all inputs and outputs

## Pin Assignment (top view)



## IEC Logic Symbol



## Truth Table

Inputs		Outputs
$\overline{1OE}$	1A1-1A4	1Y1-1Y4
L	L	L
L	H	H
H	X	Z

Inputs		Outputs
$\overline{2OE}$	2A1-2A4	2Y1-2Y4
L	L	L
L	H	H
H	X	Z

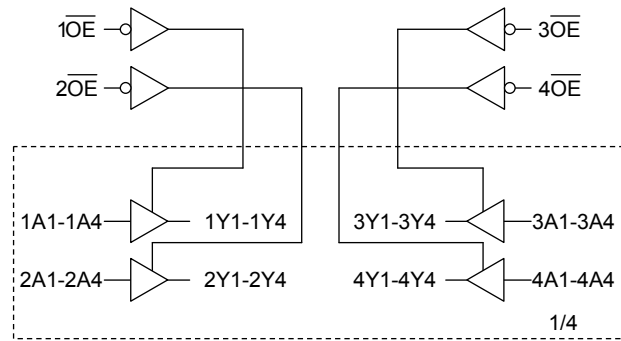
Inputs		Outputs
$\overline{3OE}$	3A1-3A4	3Y1-3Y4
L	L	L
L	H	H
H	X	Z

Inputs		Outputs
$\overline{4OE}$	4A1-4A4	4Y1-4Y4
L	L	L
L	H	H
H	X	Z

X: Don't care

Z: High impedance

## System Diagram



## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	$V_{CC}$	-0.5 to 7.0	V
Input voltage	$V_{IN}$	-0.5 to 7.0	V
Output voltage	$V_{OUT}$	-0.5 to 7.0 (Note 2)	V
		-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ (Note 3)	
Input diode current	$I_{IK}$	-50	mA
Output diode current	$I_{OK}$	$\pm 50$ (Note 4)	mA
DC output current	$I_{OUT}$	$\pm 50$	mA
Power dissipation	$P_D$	400	mW
DC $V_{CC}$ /ground current per supply pin	$I_{CC}/I_{GND}$	$\pm 100$	mA
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-65 to 150	$^{\circ}C$

Note 1: Exceeding any of the absolute maximum ratings, even briefly, lead to deterioration in IC performance or even destruction.

Note 2: Output in OFF state

Note 3: High or low state.  $I_{OUT}$  absolute maximum rating must be observed.

Note 4:  $V_{OUT} < GND$ ,  $V_{OUT} > V_{CC}$

## Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 1)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	$V_{CC}$	2.0 to 3.6	V
		1.5 to 3.6 (Note 2)	
Input voltage	$V_{IN}$	0 to 5.5	V
Output voltage	$V_{OUT}$	0 to 5.5 (Note 3)	V
		0 to $V_{CC}$ (Note 4)	
Output current	$I_{OH}/I_{OL}$	$\pm 24$ (Note 5)	mA
		$\pm 12$ (Note 6)	
Operating temperature	$T_{opr}$	-40 to 85	$^{\circ}C$
Input rise and fall time	$dt/dv$	0 to 10 (Note 7)	ns/V

Note 1: The recommended operating conditions are required to ensure the normal operation of the device. Unused inputs must be tied to either  $V_{CC}$  or GND.

Note 2: Data retention only

Note 3: Output in OFF state

Note 4: High or low state

Note 5:  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  to  $3.6$  V

Note 6:  $V_{CC} = 2.7$  to  $3.0$  V

Note 7:  $V_{IN} = 0.8$  to  $2.0$  V,  $V_{CC} = 3.0$  V

**Electrical Characteristics**

**DC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C)**

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage	H-level	V <sub>IH</sub>	—		2.7 to 3.6	2.0	—	V
	L-level	V <sub>IL</sub>	—		2.7 to 3.6	—	0.8	
Output voltage	H-level	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	2.7 to 3.6	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	—	V
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	2.7	2.2	—	
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -18 mA	3.0	2.4	—	
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA	3.0	2.2	—	
	L-level	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.7 to 3.6	—	0.2	
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	2.7	—	0.4	
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA	3.0	—	0.4	
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA	3.0	—	0.55	
Input leakage current		I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0 to 5.5 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	±5.0	μA
3-state output off-state current		I <sub>OZ</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub> V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 5.5 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	±5.0	μA
Power off leakage current		I <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> /V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5.5 V		0	—	10.0	μA
Quiescent supply current		I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		2.7 to 3.6	—	20.0	μA
			V <sub>IN</sub> /V <sub>OUT</sub> = 3.6 to 5.5 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	±20.0	
Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per input		ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>IH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.6 V		2.7 to 3.6	—	500	

**AC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to 85°C)**

Characteristics		Symbol	Test Condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time	t <sub>pLH</sub>	t <sub>pHL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2		2.7	—	6.2	ns
					3.3 ± 0.3	1.5	5.2	
3-state output enable time	t <sub>pZL</sub>	t <sub>pZH</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3		2.7	—	7.5	ns
					3.3 ± 0.3	1.5	6.5	
3-state output disable time	t <sub>pLZ</sub>	t <sub>pHZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3		2.7	—	6.5	ns
					3.3 ± 0.3	1.5	5.5	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub>	t <sub>osHL</sub>	(Note)		2.7	—	—	ns
					3.3 ± 0.3	—	1.0	

Note: Parameter guaranteed by design.  
 (t<sub>osLH</sub> = |t<sub>pLHm</sub> - t<sub>pLHn</sub>|, t<sub>osHL</sub> = |t<sub>pHLm</sub> - t<sub>pHLn</sub>|)

## Dynamic Switching Characteristics

( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , input:  $t_r = t_f = 2.5 \text{ ns}$ ,  $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ ,  $R_L = 500 \Omega$ )

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	$V_{CC}$ (V)	Typ.	Unit	
			3.3			
Quiet output maximum dynamic	$V_{OL}$	$V_{OLP}$	$V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$	3.3	0.8	V
Quiet output minimum dynamic	$V_{OL}$	$ V_{OLV} $	$V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$	3.3	0.8	V

## Capacitive Characteristics ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

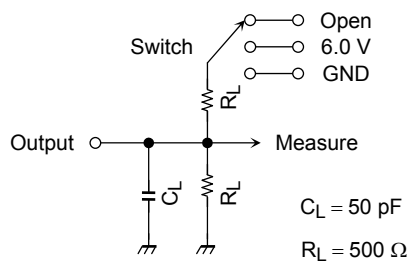
Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	$V_{CC}$ (V)	Typ.	Unit	
			3.3			
Input capacitance	$C_{IN}$	—	3.3	7	pF	
Output capacitance	$C_{OUT}$	—	3.3	8	pF	
Power dissipation capacitance	$C_{PD}$	$f_{IN} = 10 \text{ MHz}$	(Note)	3.3	25	pF

Note:  $C_{PD}$  is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

$$I_{CC(\text{opr})} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}/16 \text{ (per bit)}$$

## AC Test Circuit



Parameter	Switch
$t_{pLH}, t_{pHL}$	Open
$t_{pLZ}, t_{pZL}$	6.0 V
$t_{pHZ}, t_{pZH}$	GND

Figure 1

## AC Waveform

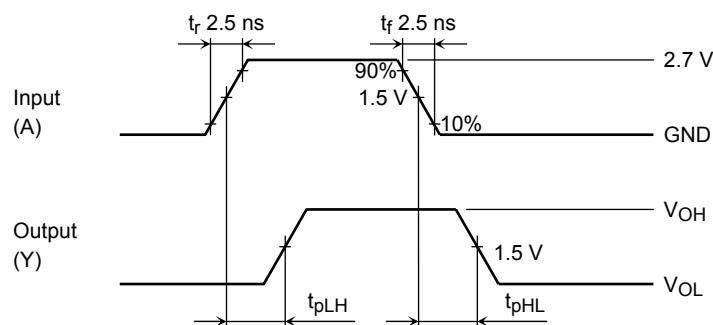
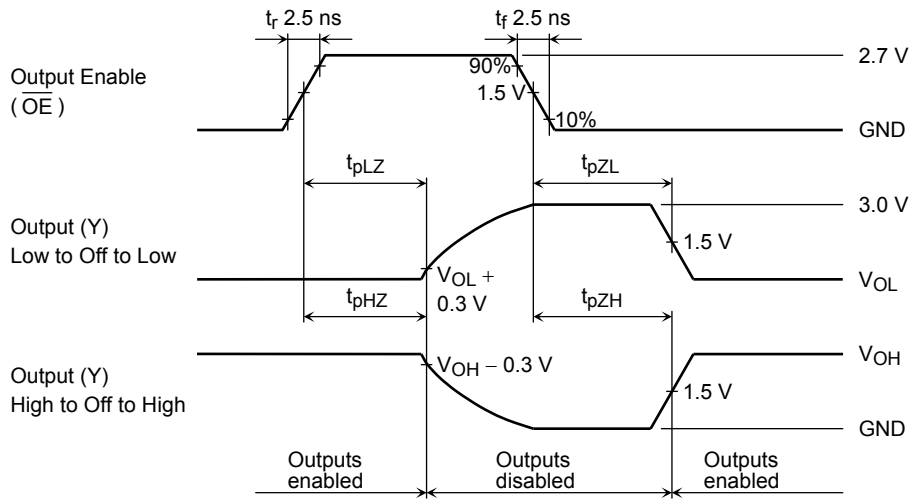


Figure 2  $t_{pLH}, t_{pHL}$

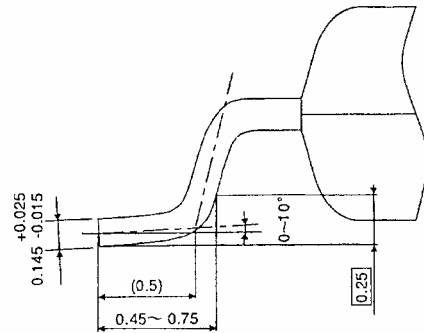
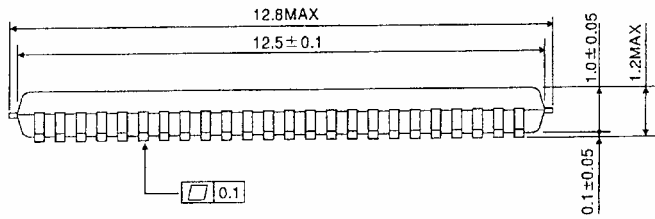
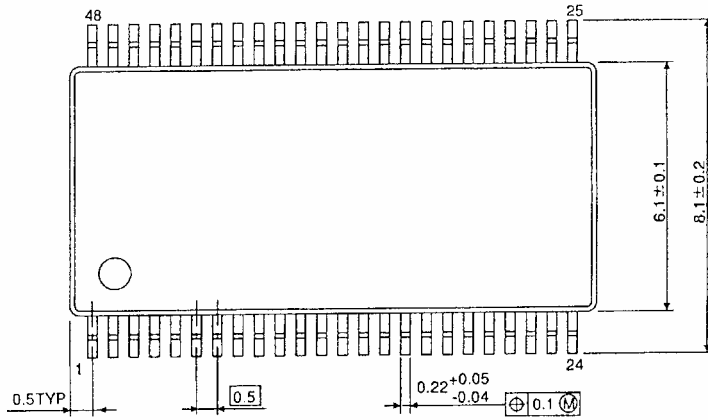


**Figure 3**  $t_{pLZ}$ ,  $t_{pHZ}$ ,  $t_{pZL}$ ,  $t_{pZH}$

**Package Dimensions**

TSSOP48-P-0061-0.50

Unit : mm



Weight: 0.25 g (typ.)



**Note: Lead (Pb)-Free Packages****TSSOP48-P-0061-0.50****RESTRICTIONS ON PRODUCT USE**

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